TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TEAM QUALITY ASSURANCE SAMPLING PLAN

AUBURN, WASHINGTON INK SITE AUBURN, WASHINGTON

TDD T10-9010-049

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DATE: JANUARY 1991

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AR 1.2. 0002 5762 QUALITY ASSURANCE SAMPLING PLAN Ecology and Environment, Inc.

Project Name: Auburn, Washington Ink Site

Contract No: 68-W0-0037

TDD: T10-9010-049 Date: January 1991

Key Project Personnel

EPA OSC: Carl Kitz, EPA, Seattle

TAT Leader: William L. Carberry, E & E, Seattle

TAT Project Manager: David Schuchardt, E & E, Seattle

Data Quality Review: Michael Bray, E & E, Seattle System Performance Audit: E & E Quality Assurance Group,

Buffalo, N.Y.

Approvals

Project Manager	;	Date
TATL Clan Y		Date 1/18/91
OSC/SRIS Reviewer/		Date //

TAT Sample Numbers: T0110001 to T0110030

Laboratory Designation: Commercial Laboratory

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QUALITY ASSURANCE SAMPLING PLAN Auburn, Washington Ink Site TDD T10-9010-049

1.0 BACKGROUND

Ecology and Environment, Inc. (E & E) is the designated Technical Assistance Team (TAT) contractor to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The EPA Region X Superfund Response and Investigations Section (SRIS) has tasked E & E to investigate the report of drums containing inks and glue, located outside the building at 222 A Street in Auburn, Washington.

This quality assurance sampling plan (QASP) has been developed, and is to be implemented, in conjunction with the Region 10 TAT QA Project Plan (QAPjP) (E & E 1990) to address the sampling QA issues relevant to TAT sampling activities (EPA 1990b) in support of SRIS at the Auburn, Washington Ink Site.

A brief summary of the site background is presented below. Expansion on the information in this summary, if required by the EPA or deemed necessary by the project manager, is included in Appendix A. The site is located in the city of Auburn, in King County, in the State of Washington (Figure 1). The nearest residences are located within 20 yards of the site. Another significant environment in the proximity of the site is the Green River, located 1.8 miles to the east.

The types of materials believed to be present at the Auburn Washington Ink Site are inks, glues, and other unknown chemical compounds. Contaminants of concern may include toluene, xylenes, alcohols, amines, and heavy metals at unknown concentrations.

2.0 PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the proposed field activities are to:

- o characterize soil and drum contents for the following:
 - magnitude/extent of contamination determination,
 - enforcement support,
 - disposal/treatment evaluation;
- o evaluate the public health and/or environmental threat posed by the contamination at the site; and,
- o evaluate the need for a removal action.

The data will be evaluated against federal/state action levels of detected contaminants.

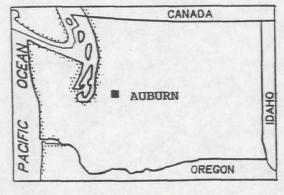
To accomplish these objectives, the TAT will obtain background information and site documentation (e.g., photographs, maps) as required to characterize the site. The TAT plans to conduct the following activities:

- o review existing state, local files; and
- o collect and arrange analyses for soil, sediment, water, air, and drum samples.





Date: Nov. 8, 1990



recycled paper

ecology & environment, inc. Job: T19-9010-049 Site: WA 0647

FIGURE 1 SITE LOCATION MAP

Drawn by: DS

² AUBURN, WASHINGTON^{ironment} INK SITE Elaboration of the planned activities may be necessary based on the information attained through the site assessment process.

All sampling, analysis, and data interpretation are to be conducted within the framework of this document. Sampling and analytical requirements and the level of QA review for the project have been established by the EPA On-Scene Coordinator (OSC).

3.0 QA OBJECTIVES

The general QA objectives for this project are to develop and implement procedures for obtaining and evaluating defensible data which are representative, comparable, and complete, and which can be used to assess site hazards and conditions.

This QASP will be followed during the sampling operation to assure that the OSC can place an appropriate degree of confidence in the data, based on the intended use(s) of the data as stated in this QASP. If for any reason the schedules or procedures outlined in this plan cannot be followed, a "Sample Alteration Checklist" (Appendix B) will be completed for each element changed. The change(s) will be reviewed by the TAT field manager and approved by the OSC.

3.1 Analytical QA Objectives

Sample analyses must meet the QA and quality control (QC) objectives (e.g., methods, detection limits, precision, accuracy, and completeness) for the particular parameters (e.g., volatile organic compounds [VOCs], base/neutral/acid [BNAs], inorganics) and methods specified by the EPA Region X as outlined through agreement between the laboratory and E & E (Appendix C).

Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) have been developed which detail the procedures for performing all tests at an acceptable level of QC in accordance with adopted EPA procedures and guidelines (EPA 1980, 1983a, 1983b, 1984, 1985a, 1985b, 1985c, 1986b, 1986c, 1986d, 1987a, 1987b, 1987c, 1990c). These documents will be used as guidelines to ensure that the data are comparable, interpretable, and defensible to the degree requested by the EPA OSC, as outlined in this section.

3.2. Levels of Data Quality Objectives

The OSC is responsible for establishing the Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) and designating the extent of analytical and field data QA review employed by the TAT for this sampling effort. Three tiers of DQOs have been established (EPA 1990c), which correspond to respective levels of QA review in the Region 10 TAT program. Each tier requires specific field QC measures (Section 6.2) and laboratory deliverables (see Appendix C) which will allow the TAT chemist to perform the required QA review (Section 6.3).

The three tiers of DQOs, in order of intensity, are:

- o QA 1: for urgent and emergency decisions,
- o QA 2: for decisions which require a level of data confidence attainable through confirmation of a portion (10 percent) of the analytical parameters, and,
- o QA 3: for decisions which require a level of data confidence attainable only through confirmation of all of the critical analytical parameters.
- $QA\ 1$: The simplest DQO is designated as QA 1, and is appropriate when the situation requires rapid data turnaround. The resultant data are nondefinitive as to identification and quantitation (EPA 1990c, E & E 1990).
- QA 2: The intermediate DQO, designated as QA 2, is appropriate when the intended uses of the data can be satisfactorily met with a qualitative and quantitative verification of a proportion of the preliminary findings (10 percent or more of the samples). The results of this confirmed data give an associated confidence to the remaining results (EPA 1990c, E & E 1990).
- QA 3: The most extensive DQO, designated QA 3, is appropriate when the intended uses of the data require a definitive chemical characterization of all the contaminants in selected "critical samples," which may be required to withstand extensive litigation. This DQO is intended to give the decision-maker a level of confidence for all analytes in those critical samples (EPA 1990c, E & E 1990).

The OSC has determined that the sampling and analyses performed under this sampling effort will conform to the following use and QA criteria:

	Intended Use of Data	QA Objective
Soil		
Toxicity Charac- terstic Leachate Procedure (TCLP)	Waste disposal evaluation	QA 3
Drums		
Semivolatiles	Contaminant Identification	QA 3
Volatiles	Contaminant Identification	QA 3
Metals	Contaminant Identification	QA 3.

4.0 METHODOLOGIES

4.1 Schedule of Work

The duration of the sampling effort will depend upon information collected during the initial stages of the on-site activities, but is expected to last no more than 3 days. Final laboratory reports are expected 2 weeks after the last of the samples are submitted for

analysis. The final report is expected to be completed approximately 6 weeks after the last of the sample results are received by E & E. The proposed schedule of work is summarized in Table 1.

TABLE 1
PROPOSED SCHEDULE OF WORK

Item	10/29	11/05	11/12	11/19	12/03	01/07	01/14
Lab Procurement	*	·				1	
Site Work		_*		 		}	
Laboratory Analyses	1	*		*			
Data Review	(! !		*		*	
Draft Report		*				*	!
Final Report (1)		 	<u> </u>		.	*	*
	ſ	1	1	1	1	ſ	{

^{* =} Denotes cutoffs of proposed time periods.

4.2 Sampling

All samples will be collected, identified, and handled, and all documentation and chain-of-custody procedures will be conducted in accordance with accepted regional EPA removal program guidelines and protocols (E & E 1990, Jowise 1988, EPA 1984, 1985a, 1986b, 1986c). The following appropriate E & E SOPs will be used in this sampling effort:

- o Drum sampling,
- o Soil sampling.

The following equipment will be used to obtain samples during the course of this project:

Matrix	Sampling Equipment	<u>Fabrication</u> <u>Dedic</u>		
Soil	Spoons/steel bowls	Stainless Steel	Yes	
Drum Sampling	Drum thieves	Glass/polyethylen	e Yes.	

4.2.1 Sampling Rationale

The project sampling rationale is summarized below. Any required documentation to support this rationale is provided in Appendix A.

^{(1) =} Dependent upon timely receipt of acceptable analytical results.

This sampling plan is designed to determine the constituents of open drums, and the presence and extent of any soil contamination.

4.2.2 Approach

The TAT will collect soil and drum samples as part of this sampling effort. The TAT will arrange for commercial laboratory analyses for VOCs, semivolatiles, and metals.

4.2.3 Sample Homogenization

Due to expected difficult access and personnel mobility at certain sampling locations, soil and drum sample homogenization will be conducted by the commercial laboratory. Blind duplicate samples will be homogenized on site. All duplicate and/or split sample bottles associated with a specific sample location will be filled at the same rate with successive spoonfuls of soil.

It should be noted that time and/or matrix biases are a normal component of these sample duplication techniques.

4.2.4 Volatile Organic Samples

Soil, and sludge VOC samples will be transferred immediately upon collection to the appropriate sample container (120-mL glass vial), filling the vial completely.

Liquid samples will be transferred directly from the collection device (i.e., bailer, trap, faucet) to the appropriate sample container(s) (40-mL glass vial), filling each vial completely, and being careful not to aerate the sample or to leave an air pocket under the bottle cap.

Ten percent of all samples submitted for volatile organic analysis will be submitted with field collocated samples to evaluate variance within the sample matrix (EPA 1985a).

4.2.5 BNA Organic Samples

Subsamples in separate sample containers will be submitted for each organic analysis requested (i.e., BNA organics). Soil and sludge samples will be transferred to the appropriate sample container (8-oz glass jars), filling each jar 3/4 full.

Liquid samples will be transferred directly from the collection device (i.e., thieving tube) to the appropriate sample container(s) (1-L amber glass bottle), filling each bottle 3/4 full.

Ten percent of all samples submitted for organics analyses will be submitted with field replicate samples to evaluate sampling variances and combined field and analytical precision (EPA 1985a).

4.2.6 Inorganic Samples

Subsamples in separate sample containers will be submitted for each inorganic analysis requested (e.g., metals, TCLP). Soil and sediment samples will be transferred to the appropriate sample container (8-oz glass jars), filling each jar 3/4 full.

Liquid samples will be transferred directly from the collection device (i.e., bailer, drum thieve) to the appropriate sample container(s) (1-L polyethylene bottle), filling each bottle 3/4 full.

Ten percent of all samples submitted for inorganics analyses will be submitted with field replicate samples to evaluate sampling variances and combined field and analytical precision (EPA 1985a).

4.3 Sample Types and Quantities

It is estimated that 14 samples (including QA/QC samples) will be collected at 10 locations as part of this sampling program. The numbers and types of samples are summarized in Table 2.

4.4 Investigation-Derived Debris

All disposable wastes (e.g., paper, plastic and stainless steel spoons) will be double-bagged and left on-site until the analytical results are received and interpreted (estimated timespan less than 30 days). Following that chemical determination, all materials will be disposed of in an EPA-approved manner. Nonhazardous materials will be disposed of according to local solid waste disposal regulations (e.g., landfill, on-site dumpster). The selected disposal method for materials deemed to be hazardous will be determined based on the analytical results.

Decontamination solutions and materials will be disposed of according to local septic waste disposal regulations (e.g., municipal sewer, on-site drainfield) (EPA 1990).

5.0 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The OSC has the ultimate responsibility for decisions concerning project sampling needs, objectives, and schedules. The E & E TAT Leader has the responsibility for the execution of the overall TAT program.

The TAT Project Manager is the primary contact point with the OSC and has the responsibility for the execution of decisions and courses of action deemed appropriate by the OSC, including the development of this QASP, project team organization, task supervision, and report and deliverable preparation. The Project Manager is also responsible for ensuring adherence to the QASP throughout the sampling effort, and recording any deviations from the plan.

TABLE 2
FIELD SAMPLING SUMMARY

	Analytical	(1) Level of	Container type and sample volume		Holding	Q C B l a j	Sami	1 0 5		TOTA	AL SAMP	
Matrix*	Parameter	Senstvty	(# of containers req'd)	vative	Time	Bla ₂ Rinsate	Field	QC +s	MS/MSD ⁵	Field	QA	Final
DS DL	Metals	 Varies 	 7 8-oz. glass jars 7 Poly bottles (1 L)) No 	6 6 months	 	 		1	5	2	 7 1
DS (Volatiles	 2-5 ppb 	 7 VOA vials 120 mL 	No	 		 	NA	1	5	2] 7
DS DL	Semi- volatiles	 	 78-oz glass jars 	 No	 14 days 		 	NA	1	5	2	 7
S ;	TCLP	 Varies	8-oz glass jars	No	[] }			NA	1	5	2	[7
 	,				 							
 					 	 						1 ! ! !
, , ,			,] 	 		 					1

^{* =} Matrix: S = soil; W = water; O = oil; DS = drummed solids; DL = drummed liquids; TS = tank solids; TL = tank liquids; A = air; X = other

^{1 =} Level of Sensitivity: The concentration, specific or generic, that is needed to make an evaluation (used to determine
analytical method).

^{2 =} Only required if dedicated sampling tools are not used (otherwise specify NA).

^{3 =} Trip blank: One blank (consisting of 2 40-mL vials of distilled/deionized water) per cooler containing VOCs (otherwise specify NA). Transport blank: One blank (consisting of a full sample volume) of deionzed water at a rate of 1 per sampling day.

^{4 =} Performance check samples (optional for QA 2, mandatory for QA 3) if available (otherwise specify NA).

^{5 =} Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: at a rate of 1 per 10 samples for QA 2 and 1 per 5 samples for QA 3.

QC = quality control.

QA = quality assurance.

VOA = volatile organic analysis.

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure.

The E & E Corporate QA Assurance Group is responsible for auditing and reviewing the field activities and final deliverables, and proposing corrective action, if necessary, for nonconformity to the QA/QC Plan (Site Safety Plan and QAPjP) and Health and Safety Plan.

The following is a list of the key personnel and their responsibilities:

EPA OSC: Carl Kitz, EPA, Seattle

TAT Leader: William L. Carberry, E & E, Seattle TAT Project Manager: David Schuchardt, E & E, Seattle Data Quality Review: Michael Bray, E & E, Seattle

System Performance: E & E Quality Assurance Group, Buffalo, NY

Analytical support for this sampling project will consist of or be supplied by a commercial laboratory. A commercial laboratory will be selected by competitive bid prior to the initiation of field activity for the analysis of soil and drum samples. The analytical requirements will be summarized on the laboratory services bid specification sheet included in Appendix A.

The TAT manager will notify the laboratory of the confirmed days on which sampling is to occur and, consequently, when samples will be shipped/delivered. The TAT manager will confirm the sample documentation numbers, the number of samples to be shipped, and the type(s) of analyses required. The TAT manager will verify sample arrival at the analytical station.

6.0 QA/QA REQUIREMENTS

6.1 Analytical Parameters

The types of analyses required for the satisfactory completion of this project have been determined by the OSC. Analytical parameters are summarized along with the sample types and quantities in Table 3. Analytical requirements, including any special data delivery time requirements, have been summarized on the laboratory bid specification form (Appendix A).

6.2 QC Measures

QC checks for sample collection will be accomplished by a combination of the following procedures (E & E 1990):

- o Field collocated and replicate samples,
- o Chain-of-custody protocols, and
- o Laboratory QA.

TABLE 3 QA/QC ANALYSIS AND OBJECTIVE SUMMARY

11			Spi	kes	QA/QC		
Matrix*	Analytical Parameter	Analytical Method	Matrix ¹	Surrogate ²	Limits 3	DQO4	
Ds		6010**	[1 [NA	 Varies	3	
DS	Volatiles 8240**		 1 	1 1	2-5 ppb	3	
DL	 Metals 	6010**	1.	 NA 	 varies	3	
DL		8240**	1	 	{ 2-5 ppb 	3	
DS	Semi- Volatiles	8270**	1	 AN 	 varies 	3	
DL	Semi- Semi- voltiles 	8270**	1	 NA 	 varies 	3	
s	TCLP	1311 [†]	1	NA		3	
			1	 			
			1	 			
					1		

^{* =} Matrix: S = soil; W = water; O = oil; DS = drummed solids; DL = drummed liquids; TS = tank solids; TL = tank liquids; A = air; X = other

^{**=} EPA 1986c.

¹ \approx Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: at a rate of 1 per 10 samples for QA 2 and 1 per 5 samples for QA 3.

^{2 = 1} for each sample for QA 2 and QA 3 (otherwise specify NA).

^{3 =} To be determined at the time that laboratory selection is made.

^{4 =} Data Quality Objective for analysis (enter QA 1, QA 2, or QA 3). + = Federal Register, Volume 55, Number 61, March 29, 1990, Appendix II.

QA/QC = quality assurance/quality control.

DQO = data quality objectives.

6.3 Data QA Review

Field QA samples (e.g., background, collocated, and replicate [E & E 1990], and blanks and QC positives [Table 2]) will be collected as required and/or indicated, and submitted blindly to the laboratory. The laboratory will provide, in a timely manner, analytical data sheets for all submitted samples.

The QA review of data packages for all three tiers of DQOs will include an evaluation of the following: the information provided on the analytical data sheets and required support documentation for all sample analyses (Appendix C); the supporting sample collection documentation, including chain of custody; and field instrument calibration and/or performance check documentation. The QA review will also examine adherence to the procedures as described in the cited SOPs and the requested analytical methods.

Holding times will be assessed when appropriate for the analytical method to ascertain the validity of results based on the time of collection to the time of extraction or analysis. Holding time criteria will be as specified in analytical method performed (Table 2 and Appendix A).

Additional data validation procedures will be followed as required (EPA 1990c) for each sample and analysis based on the DQO specified by the OSC. An overall assessment of the data will be made based on the data review.

When a QA 3 DQO has been specified by the OSC, the laboratory will meet all requirements specified for the CLP (EPA 1986d, 1987a, 1987b, 1987c). The laboratory will provide all the deliverables required for analyses under the CLP (EPA 1986b, 1986d, 1987a, 1987b, 1987c).

The QA review of the data package will be conducted in accordance with EPA guidelines (EPA 1985c).

6.4 Precision, Accuracy, and Completeness

To provide defensible data, all measurements and analytical results must have an appropriate degree of accuracy, reproducibility, and a level of completeness to assure that the samples collected and the analytical results obtained are appropriately representative of actual field conditions.

The laboratory will prepare and analyze the samples necessary to calculate accuracy and precision for all QA 2 and QA 3 DQO sampling activities. These analyses include matrix spikes and matrix spike duplicates (for organic analyses) or a duplicate and matrix spike (for inorganic analyses) at a minimum rate of 10 percent (for QA 2) or 20 percent (for QA 3) of the total number of samples for each analytical parameter. Surrogate spikes will also be prepared and analyzed for each organic sample. The laboratory will also prepare and analyze method blanks at a rate of one per day, or one per batch of twenty samples, whichever is more frequent.

Analytical precision will be evaluated by comparing the relative percent differences between the above-mentioned duplicate analyses for organic and inorganic parameters. Accuracy will be measured by the percent recovery in the matrix spike, comparing the true (spiked) value with the reported (recovered) value.

Analytically complete data will be that which meet the QA criteria for the specified DQO (Section 6.3), as determined through an E & E review of the data package. An E & E chemist will evaluate the acceptability of the data and will categorize all or parts of the package as acceptable, acceptable when presented with qualifications, or not acceptable (rejected).

Acceptable levels for precision and accuracy will be as prescribed by the selected EPA-approved method (EPA 1983a, 1983b, 1986c, 1986d, 1987a, 1987b, 1987c) indicated on the laboratory bid specification sheet (Appendix A). The minimum acceptable level for data completeness (i.e., the data are judged as acceptable outright, or with qualification) will be 80 percent.

7.0 DELIVERABLES

Upon completion of the review, the senior chemist will be responsible for developing a QA report for each analytical package. The memorandum summarizing the findings during the data QA review will be attached to the final project report and will not typically be delivered as a final product in itself.

All data and the respective QA reports generated from the project sampling tasks and used in the final reports will be appropriately identified within the final project report. Where the analytical data have been reduced, the method of reduction will be described in the final report.

No separate report to describe the performance of data measurement systems or data quality is anticipated. The final report will contain a separate QA memorandum appendix from the E & E review staff that will summarize data quality information collected during the project. Sample data will be summarized in tables by E & E. The data summaries will be attached to all reports when applicable to the context of the report.

8.0 DATA VALIDATION

Validation of all analytical data will be performed by chemists at E & E, or at the Region X EPA Laboratory pursuant to the DQO specified in this document (Sections 3.0 and 6.0). Laboratories will be required to submit results which are supported by the back-up data and QA/QC results specified on the laboratory services bid specification sheet (Appendix A) to enable the reviewer to determine the quality of the data. Laboratories will retain that documentation as necessary under agreement with E & E (Appendix C).

Data will be evaluated according to the appropriate criteria contained in the Removal Program Data Validation Procedures (EPA 1990c) and per the TAT QAP;P (E & E 1990) for the specified DQO.

9.0 BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- , 1985c, <u>Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines</u>, (R-582-5-5-01).
- , December 1986b, <u>User's Guide to the Contract Laboratory Program</u>, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, Washington, D.C.
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- , May 24, 1990c, Interim Final Guidance for the Quality Assurance/ Quality Control Interim Guidance for Removal Activities, OSWER Directive 9360.4-01, US EPA Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, Washington, DC.

APPENDIX A SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

BID ANALYSIS

VENDOR (1)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ADDRESS.	• • • • • • • • • •		
TELEPHONE NUMBER	CONTACT	PERSON.	
VENDOR (2)			
ADDRESS	••••	1975 1984	
		PERSON.	4
VENDOR (3,			• • • • • • • • •
ADDRESS		•	• • *
TELEPHONE NUMBER.	CONTACT	PERSON. Des 🙃	
COST BREAKDOWN OF WORK TO BE PERFORMS	ED:	UNIT COST PER	VENDOR
		(1) (2) (3)
5 liquid drum samples Fix			ļ
WH + 10 TICS (GLIMS)	.		
BNH +10 TICS (GC/MG)		<u>.</u>	
		<u></u>	
5 soil samples for the	TCLP	Ţ	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	
		<u></u>	
CLD-style definerable pach	coge	1	
1090 MS/MSD	 .	İ	
2 rulek Turnaround			
		1	
		1	
	TOTAL \$	†	
Reasonableness of Bids:			
CAS CLEPEST			
SMALL BUSINESS: YES/NO/ IF YES, ID#			
SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS: YES/N	O IF YES,	ID#	
woman owned you	27 Yes.		

APPENDIX B SUPPLEMENTAL FORMS

SAMPLE ALTERATION CHECKLIST

Project Name and Number:	
Material to be sampled:	
Measurement Parameter:	
Standard Procedure for Field collection & Library references):	y Analysis (cite
Reason for change in Field Procedure or Analytica	al Variation:
Variation from field or Analytical Procedure:	
Special Equipment, Materials, or Personnel Requir	red:
Initiator	Date
EPA OSC	Date

ADDENDUM	FOR MULTI-PHASED PROJECTS
Proposed Project Name with	Appropriate TDD, Project and Account #s:
Original Project Name with	Appropriate TDD, Project, and Account #s:
Proposed Project Objective(s	s):
Effective Field Dates for On	riginal Project:
Proposed field dates fo	or this project:
Proposed TAT Sample Numbers	from: T to: T
Laboratory Designation:	Field screening FIT EPA Region X laboratory CLP Commercial laboratory
PROPO	OSED SCHEDULE OF WORK
Activity	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5. Draft Report	
6. Final Report (1)	

^{* =} Denotes cutoffs of proposed time periods.
(1) = Dependent upon timely receipt of acceptable analytical
results.

SAMPLE SUMMARY

# of Samples	Parameter	# of QA Samples	Matrix	Container	Holding Time	Preservation
					·	
		ANAL	YTICAL S	UMMARY		
	Parameter	Met	hod	Ref	Detecti Limits	
Key Pro	ject Personnel	:			I	nitial & Dat
TA TA Da	A OSC: T Leader: Will T Project Mana ta Quality Rev	ger: iew: Micha	el Bray,	& E, Seatt , E & E & E, Sea	PA, Seattl le E, Seattl attle	e
~	L D C		T C T O.	7		

System Performance Audit: E & E Quality Assurance Group

CORRECTIVE ACTION CHECKLIST

Project Name and Number:	
Sample Dates Involved:	
Measurement Parameter(s):	
Acceptable Data Range:	
Problem Areas Requiring Corrective Action:	
Measures Required to Correct Problems:	
Means of Detecting Problems and Verifying Co	rrection:
Initiator	Date
EPA OSC	Date
TATL	Date

APPENDIX C

EXAMPLE: LETTER OF AGREEMENT FOR LABORATORY QA/QC PROCEDURES

Dear Sirs:

This letter is to inform you of recent modifications in the Ecology & Environment, Inc. (E&E) Technical Assistance Team (TAT) quality assurance requirements for analytical services provided by your laboratory.

Modifications include the designation of specific analytical methods, defined levels of QA/QC and required deliverables to accompany all results reported to E&E. The approved analytical methods are listed in Tables 1, 2 and 3 as an attachment to this letter. The descriptions of the QA/QC and deliverables requirements are below.

Quality assurance requirements and data package deliverables will be on a three tier system. During the bidding process for each job, an E&E chemist will indicate the quality assurance category of the project. These categories and their corresponding data package requirements are as follows:

LEVEL I: TIME-CRITICAL EMERGENCY ACTION

Quality Assurance:

- o EPA-approved methods must be followed (see attached Tables), unless otherwise specified during the bidding process.
- o Prior to sample analysis a minimum of a three point initial calibration curve (two standards at concentrations bracketing the expected analyte concentration and a blank) must be performed to demonstrate linearity on each instrument. A one point, mid-range, calibration check must be performed daily to ensure linearity.
- o A method blank must be analyzed for each batch (maximum of 20 samples) or daily, which ever is more frequent, on each instrument.

o Duplicate (re-extracted) and matrix spiked samples must be run at an equivalent of at least 5% of the sample load.

Deliverables:

- o A statement of analytical and sample preparation methods used, including information reguarding types of columns, wavelenghts, solvents, etc. used.
- o A statement of sample holding times, i.e. extraction and analysis dates.
- o Analytical data sheets for all field samples, spikes, duplicates and blanks.

All raw data generated during analysis must be kept on file at the laboratory for at least one (1) year, allowing E&E to purchase the additional data at a later date if necessary.

LEVEL II: EVALUATION/SCREENING ACTION

Non-CLP style analyses:

Quality Assurance:

The quality assurance requirements established for Level I analyses above plus the following requirements:

- o Prior to sample analysis a minimum of a five point initial calibration curve (four standards at varying concentrations and a blank) must be performed to demonstrate linearity on each instrument.
- o For organics analyses an appropriate surrogate compound must be spiked into each sample, blank, standard or QA sample prior to purging or extraction.
- o A second, dissimiliar, chromatographic column must be used to confirm the identification of analytes except when a mass spectrometer is used as the detector.
- o The following analytical sequence must be followed:
 - 1. calibration
 - 2. blank
 - five samples
 - 4. a standard
 - 5. five samples
 - 6. a standard
 - 7. five samples
 - 8. a standard
 - 9. five samples
 - 10. a standard

repeat starting from a blank (step 2).

Deliverables:

All of the deliverables required in Level I plus the following requirements:

- o Information on the initial and continuing calibration. i.e. response factors, percent relative standard deviation of response factors and percent difference calculations.
- o Surrogate percent recovery calculations.
- o Copies of instrument hard copy pertaining to samples, blanks, standards and calibrations.
- o A statement of weights, volumes, dillutions, etc., used in the analysis.

CLP Style Analyses:

Quality Assurance:

QA consistent with USEPA Contract Laboratory Program requirements in effect at the time the project is bid by E&E.

Deliverables:

Organics:

- o Analysis data sheets, including tentatively identified compounds (CLP form I);
- o Surrogate recovery sheets (CLP form II);
- o Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate recovery sheets (CLP form III);
- o Blank summary sheets (CLP form IV);
- o GC/MS tuning and mass calibration sheets (CLP form V);
- o Initial calibration data sheets (CLP form VI);
- o Continuing calibration check sheets (CLP form VII).

Pesticides/PCBs:

- o Analysis data sheets (CLP form I);
- o Surrogate recovery sheets (CLP form II);
- o Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate recovery sheets (CLP form III):
- o Blank summary sheets (CLP form IV);
- o Evaluation standards summary sheets (CLP form VIII);
- o Standards summary sheet (CLP form IX);
- o Pesticide/PCB identification sheet (CLP form X).

Inorganics:

- o Analysis data sheets (CLP form I);
- o Initial and continuing calibration verification sheet (CLP form I part 1);
- o Blank information sheet (CLP form III);
- o Spike sample recovery sheets (CLP form V);
- o Duplicate information sheets (CLP form VI).

Information used to create a complete Contract Lab Program deliverable data package must be kept on file at the laboratory for at least one (1) year, allowing E&E to purchase a full data package at a later date if necessary.

LEVEL III: DEFINITIVE CHEMICAL CHARACTERIZATION

Quality Assurance and deliverable requirements are the same as the US EPA Contract Lab Program requirements in effect at the time the project is bid by E&E.

All dioxin and PCDD/PCDF analyses will be a Level III analysis unless otherwise specified at the time of the bid.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL LEVELS

The laboratory will retain unused sample volume and used sample containers for the period of 60 days after data submission. Organic extracts will be stored in vials/bottles with teflon-lined septa at 4 C (2 C) for 365 days after data submission. Disposal of samples and sample extracts must be in compliance with local, state and federal regulations and will be the responsibility of the laboratory. Please include disposal cost in the bid price.

Turnaround times are extremely important to E&E in the function that we perform for the EPA. We understand that, occasionally, delays are unavoidable. But repeated deviation from agreed to turnaround times will result in E&E's re-evaluation of the acceptability of the laboratory for the TAT's analytical needs.

E&E is periodically tasked to arrange for analytical services which are billed through a third party. Payment may also be made through an E&E purchase order. E&E will receive all bids and inform the laboratory of the billing arrangements on a job-by-job basis at the time of laboratory selection. In those instances when the analyses are billed to a third party, the laboratory will deliver a full set of all required documentation to the billed party as well as to E&E.

All analytical results, official communications and invoicing when appropriate, will be directed to:

Michael Bray c/o Ecology and Environment, Inc. 101 Yesler Way, Suite 600 Seattle, WA 98104 I hope this letter will clarify the modified requirements for analytical services performed for E&E. If there are any questions please feel free to call me at $(206)\ 624-9537$.

Sincerely,

Michael G. Bray TAT Chemist

MGB/thl

Enclosure

Table 1 List of EFA Approved Inorganic Test Procedures

		Reference			
Parameter and Method		EPA 1979 ¹	\$₩ -4 46 ³		
ICP Metals	-	200.7		6010	
Nama			2020		
	Wa flame Wa furnace	202.1 202.2	303C 304	7020	
-	A flame	204.1	30 3A	7040	
	A furnace	204.2	304	7041	
-	A furnace	206.2	304	7060	
	A gaseous hydride	206.3	303E	7061	
	A flame	208.1	303C	7080	
-	M furnace	208.2	304		
Servilium /	AA flame	210.1	303C	7090	
	AA furnace	210.2	304	7091	
Boron	colorometric	212.3	404A		
Cadmium . I	AA flame	213.1	303A,B	7130	
i	AA furnace	213.2	304	7131	
	AA flame	215.1	30 3 A	7140	
	chelation-extraction	218.4	30 38	7197	
	(diphenyicarpazide)			7196	
	coprecipitation			7195	
	bayee boyerodistand			7198	
	AA flame	218.1	30 3A	7190	
	chelation-extraction	218.3	303B		
	AA furnace	218.2	304	7191	
	AA flame	219.1	303A,B	7200	
	AA furnace	219.2	304	7201	
	AA flame	220.1	3032.5	7210	
	AA furnace	220.2	. 304		
Cyanide, total	titration				
	hotometeric, manual	335.2	412C		
spectop	automated	335.2	412D		
Cyanide, amenable	20022044	333.3			
	r spectrophotometric	3 35 .1	412F		
Cyanide, total and			7446		
-	colorometric, manual			9010	
	Automaced			9012	
Gold	AA flame	231.1	303A	,	
-	AA furnace .	231.2	304		
Iron	AA flame	236.1	303A.B	7380	
	AA furnace	236.6	304	, 200	
Lead	AA flame	239.1	303A.B	7420	
	AA furnace	239.2	304	7421	
Magnesium	AA flame	242.1	303A	7450	
Manganese	AA flame	243.1	303A.B	7460	
	AA furnace	243.2	304.		
Hercury	cold vapor, manual	245.1	303F	7470	
	became	245.2		7471	
Molybdenum	AA flame	246.1	303C	7480	
•	AA furnace	246.2	304	7481	
Nickel	AA flame	249.1	303A,B	7520	
	AA furnace	249.2	304		
Osmium	AA flame	252.1	30 3 C	7 550	
	AA furnace	252.2	304		
Selenium	AA furnace	270.2	304	7740	
0434	AA gaseous hydride	270.3	303E	7741	
Silica	colorometric	370.1			
Silver	AA flame	272.1	303A,8	7760	
godin	AA furnace	272.2	304		
Sodium	AA flame	273.1	303A	7770	
Thailium	AA flame	279.1	303A	7840	
	AA furnace	279.2	304	7841	
Tin.					
Tin	AA flame AA furnace	282.1 282.2	303A 304	7870	

		Reference		•
Parameter and	Method	EPA 1979 ¹	Std Methods ²	SW-446 ³
Venedium	AA flame	286.1	3 03 C	7910
	AA furnace	286.2	304	7911
Zinc	AA flame	289.1	303A.B	7950
•	AA furnace	289.2	304	

- EPA. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Waste. EPA-600/4-79-020. March, 1983.
- APHA, AWWA. WPCF. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Westewater. 16th Editon. 1985.
- EPA. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes, 3rd Edition. 5W-846. November. 1986.
- Lists of additional EPA approved methods are available in 40 CFR. Part 136.3.

Table 2 List of EFA Approved Organic Test Procedures

Compound Class 1	CFR40 ²	SW-846 ³	other
Purgeable Halocarbons	601	8010	
Purgeable Non-halogenated Volatile Organics		8015	
Purgeable Aromatics	602	8020	
Acrolein and Acrylonitrile	603	6030	
Phenois	604	8040	
Benzidenes	605		
Phthlate Esters	6 06	8960	
Nitrosamines	607		
Organochlorine Pesticides & PCBs	608	8980	617 ⁴ , CLP ⁵
Nitroaromatics and Cyclic Ketones	609	6090	
Polynuciear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	610	8100, 8310	
Haloethers	6117		·
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons	612	8120	
Organophosphate Pesticides		8140	614 ⁴ , 622 ⁴
Chlorinated Herbacides			615 ⁴
Triasine Pesticides			6194
Dinitroamiline Pesticides	•		6274
Cyanazine Pesticides			629 ⁴
Dithiocarbamate Pesticides			630 ⁴
Benomyl and Carbendaria Pesticides			6314
Carbamates and Urea Pesticides			6324
Organomitrogen Pesticides			6334
Volatile Organics	624	8240	CLP ⁵
Semivolatile Organics	625	8250, 8270	CLP ⁵
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenso-p-dioxin	613		CLP ⁵
Polychlorinated Dibenso-P- dioxins and Polychlorinated Dibensofus	cans	8280	

 ^{1 -} Analytes per compound class are not the same for all methods. See specific method for analytes examined.
 2 - 40CFR 136 Appendix A.

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^{3 -} EPA. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, 3rd Edition. SW-846. November, 1986.

^{4 -} EPA. Test Methods for Nonconventional Pesticides Chemicals Analysis of Industrial and Municipal Wastewater. EPA-440/1-63-079C.

^{5 -} Contract Laboratory Program. Statement of Work in effect at time of bid

^{6 -} Lists of additional EPA approved methods may be found in 40 CFR 136.3.

Reference

	U			
		1	Std ,	•
Parameter and Method		EPA 1971	Methods 2	SW-8463
				
Acidity, as CaC03		305.1	402(4a)	
Alikalinity, as Cad		310.1	403	•
Ammonia (as N)	Nesslerization	350.2	417B	
	titration	350.2	4170	
	electrode	350.3	4172,7	
•	automated phenate	350.1	417G	
Biochemical Oxygen		405.1	507	
Bromide	titrimetric	320.1		
Pluoride	electrode	340.2	4138	
	colorometric	340.1	413C	
	automated complexone	340.3	413 Z	
Hardness	automated colorometric	130.1		
	titrimetric	130.2	3148	
PH	electrometric	150.1	423	9040
	pH paper			9041
	soil pH			9045
Kjeldahl nitrogen	(as N)			
	titration	351.3	417D	
	Nessierization	351.3	417B	
	electrode	351.3	417E.F	
	automated phenate	351.1		
semi-au	tomated block digester	351.2		
•	potentiometric	351.4		
Nitrate (as N)	colorometric	352.1	•	9200
Nitrate-mitrite (a	s N) Cd reduction			
	manual	353.3	418C	
	automated	353.2	418F	
	automated hydrasine	353.1		
Nitrite (as N)	spectrophotometric	354.1	419	
Oil and grease	gravimetric	413.1	503A	9070
- •	extraction for sludge			9071
Total Organic Carb				7000
	combustion or oxidation	415.1	505	9060
Orthophosphate asc			303	,,,,,
	Automated	365.1	424G	
	manual single readent	365.2	424F	
	manual two readent	365.3	7241	
Oxygen, dissolved	. -	360.2	421B	
01,401, 11001101	electrode	360.1	4217	
Phenois	colorometric (4AAP)		7446	
	manual	420.1		
	automated	420.2		9066
	spectrophotometric			7000
	manual (4AAP)			9065
	METH			9067
Turbidity	nephelometric	180.1	21 4 A	7001
respirately	Wahmardwarr.		4144	

^{1.} EPA. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Waste. EPA-600/4-79-020. March. 1983.

APMA. AWMA. WPCF. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Westewater. 16th Editon. 1985.

^{3.} EPA. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, 3rd Edition. SW-846. November, 1986

Lists of additional EPA approved methods are available in 40 CFR 136.3.

SITE SAFETY PLAN (for use by E & E personnel only)

A. GEMER	AL INFORMATION
roject Name: > AUBURN INK SITT	TDD No .: > 770-9010-049
Project Manager: "DAVID SCHUCHARDT	Pan No.: > 5WA-0655 SAA
tto Location: > AU BURN, WA	
Propared by: > DAVID SCHUCHARDY	Date Prepared: >10-29-90
Approval by: - Don By	Date Approved:
Site Safety Officer Review:	Date Reviewed: 1/2/2/20
Scope/Objective of Work: > CONDUCT SITE ASSE	SSMENT AT THEE LOCATIONS ON SITE TO SAMPLE
CONTENTS OF DRUMS STORED ON SITE. COLLECT	SOIL SAMPLES IF NECESSARY
Proposed Dates of Field Activities: > 1/-1-90	
Background Into: > Preliminary (no analytical Dot	
:card summary: > Site may contain droms filled h	with links and glues.
overall Chemical Hazard: > Moderate	
overall Physical Hazard: > Moderate	
B. SITE/WAS	TE CHARACTERISTICS
Waste Type(s) > liquid /solid	

Chemical Hazards: > Flammable/Ignitable, whatle, autely toxic

Physical Hazards: > Trip/fall

Locations of Chemicals/Wastes: > DRUMS ARE LOCATED OUTSIDE THE WAREHOUSE

Estimated Volume of Chemicals/Wastes: > UP TO 10, 55-GAL. DRUMS

Site Currently in Operation: > NO

C. HAZARD EVALUATION

List of Tasks:

Task 1: > DRUM SAMPLING

Task 2: > SOIL SAMPLING

Task 3: >

Task 4: >

<u>Task 5</u>: →

Task 6: >

Physical Hazard Evaluation:

Task 1: > TRIP/FALL

TABLE 2: > TRIP/FALL

Task 3: →

Task 4: →

Task 5: >

<u>Task 6</u>: >

Compound	PEL/TWA , 100 / 700 fpm , 100 / 100 fpm	of Exposure	Acute Symptoms F, FATIGUE, CONFISION DIENESS, HEAD- ACHE, VANSEA	odor Threshold 1, 1.20 ppm 26.0 fpm	Odor Description > SouR, PUNCENT > SUBST >
→	<i>,</i>)	>	>	•
>	>	· ·	,	>	>
>	>	>	>	, >	>
>	>	>	,	>	>

Note: A Hazard Evaluation Sheet for each major known contaminant is attached.

D. SITE SAFETY WORK PLAN

Control:

Perimeter identified: > YES

Site secured: > NO

Work Areas Designated: > YES

Zone(s) of Contamination Identified: >YES

ersonnel Protection (TLD badges required for all field personnel):

Anticipated Level of Protection (cross-reference task numbers to Section C):

		Level of Pr	otection		
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>c</u>	₫	
Task 1	>	\otimes	>	>	
Task 2	>	>	Ø	>	
Task 3	>	>	>	>	
Task 4	>	>	>	>	
Task 5	>	>	>	>	
Task 6	>	>	>	>	

MODIFICATIONS: > TASK 1 AND TASK Z ACTIVITIES WILL BE SUPPOPTED BY OUR MONITORING AND UPGRADES WILL PROGRESS AS STATED BELOW

Action Levels for Work Zone:

Organic Vapors: >lppm above background - use Level C >5ppm above background - use Level B

Oxygen: <19.5% - use Level B >25% - exit site

Combustible Gases: >10% LEL - continuous monitoring

>25% LEL - exit site

Dust: >0.5 mg/m3 - use Level C

Radiation: >0.1mR/hr - continuous monitoring

>2mR/hr - exit site and conduct stay-time calculations

Air Monitoring (daily calibration un. Contaminant of Interest	less otherwise noted): Type of Sample (area, personal)	Monitoring Equipment	Frequency of Sampling
ORGANIC VAPOURS	, AREA	> OVA	, CONTINUOUS
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	>	>	>
>	>	•	>
>	>	>	>
>	>	>	>
>	>	>	>

Decontamination Solutions and Procedures for Equipment, Sampling Gear, etc.: Where possible, disposable sampling equipment will be used. When necessary, the decontamination procedure will include a consecutive series of the following washes:

ALLONOX AND WATER;

DIW RINSE;

AIR DRY

TWO TUBS WILL BE SET UP IN A DECON LINE. THE FIRST TUB WILL MNOI DOCOM Protocol: , HAVE ALCONOX AND WATER, THE SECOND TUB WILL HAVE A WATER RINSE. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING WILL BE REMOVED AND SEARED IN BOOK solution Monitoring Procedures: , BAGS.

DECON SOLUTIONS WILL BE POURED OUT ON-SITE INTO AREAS SUSPECTED OF tal Site Equipment, Facilities, or Procedures:

Entry Procedures and Special Considerations:

Limitations: > WORK WILL OCCUR FROM & AM TO 5 PM TO UTILIZE DAYLIGHT WEATHER SUCH AS HEAVY RAIN MAY POSTPONE SAMPLING ACTIVITIES ral spill control: SORBENT PADS WILL BE BROUGHT TO CONTRIN SPILLS

stigation-Derived Material Disposal: > ALL DISPOSABLE CLOTHING AND SAMPLING EQUIPMENT WILL BE STORED IN BODY BAGS, AND DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

ble Handling Procedures Including Protective Wear: ightarrow

Team Member

DANG SCHUCKARDY DAVE BYERS CHUN

Team Leader Site Safety Coordinator , TEAM MEMBER

ecology and environment

Responsibility

E. EMERGENCY INFORMATION

(Use supplemental sheets, if necessary)

LOCAL RESOURCES

(Obtain a local telephone book from your hotel, if possible)

Hospital Emergency Room: > 883-77// mbulance: > 211

Fire Department: > 911 olice: > 9//

Dison Control Center: 941

gency contact: > THOR CUTLER (EPA) Site Contact: > LAVONNE RAVEN

SITE RESOURCES

ite Emergency Evacuation Alarm Method: Sound vehicle horn, series of 8 rapid short blasts!

ater Supply Source: >

relephone Location, Number: >

cellular Phone Number: >
cher: > Radio: >

EMERGENCY CONTACTS

1.	E & E Emergency Response Center 24-hour Hot Line Ecology and Environment, Inc., Corporate Safety Director	(716)	684-8940	
	Paul Jonmaire	(716)	684-8060	(office)
		(716)	655-1260	(home)
2.	MEDTOX (Dr. Raymond Harbison)	(501)	221-0465	or (904) 462-3277, 3281
		(501)	370-8263	(24 hours)
3.	William Carberry (Regional Safety Coordinator)	(206)	486-5751	(home)
		(206)	624-9537	(office)
4.	Regional Manager, David Buecker	(206)	747-9264	(home)
	FITOM, Jeffrey Villnow	(206)	854-6901	(home)
	TATL, Richard Fullner	(206)	842-2540	(home)
	ARCS IX/X Manager, Gerald McDonald	(206)	728-8179	(home)
	Asst. FITOM, Andrew Hafferty	(206)	784-3996	(home)
	ATATL, William Carberry	(206)	486-5751	(home)
	- Asst. ARCS Manager, Mark Wells	(206)	746-3764	-thomas

MEDTOX HOTLINE

wenty-four hour answering service: (501) 370-8263

nat to report:

State: "This is an emergency!"

Your name, region, and site.

Telephone number to reach you.

Your location.

Name of person injured or exposed.

Nature of emergency.

Action taken.

A toxicologist, (Dr. Raymond Harbison or associate) will contact you. Repeat the information given to the answering service.

If a toxicologist does not return your call within 15 minutes, call the following persons in order until contact is made:

- a. 24 hour hotline (716) 684-8940
- b. Corporate Safety Director Paul Jonmaire home # (716) 655-1260
 c. Assistant Corp. Safety Officer Steven Sherman home # (716) 688-0084

EMERGENCY ROUTES

(HOTE: Field team must know route(s) prior to start of work)

ctions to Hospital (include map): > TAKE ZND ST. NW TO AUBURN GENERAL HOSPITAL

(BLOCK TO THE FAST OF SITE)

rgency Egress Routes to Exit Site: > TAKE ZND AVE NW

F. PERSONNEL PROTECTIVE GEAR

01 A:

re Air Tanks
cade System
apsulated Suit
cical Gloves
tective Outer Gloves
pe: >)
prene Safety Boots
tective Booties
d Hat
tiation Dosimeter Badge

vel C:

tra-Twin APR

wered APR

lck Mount APR

rtridges X

cype: > | GMC-A

iv Min. Escape Mask

tive Coveralls X

rgical Gloves X

rotective Outer Gloves

type: > | SOCNEY

coprene Safety Boots X

totective Booties X

ard Hat with Face Shield X

adiation Dosimeter Badge X

ain Suit

utyl Apron

Level B:

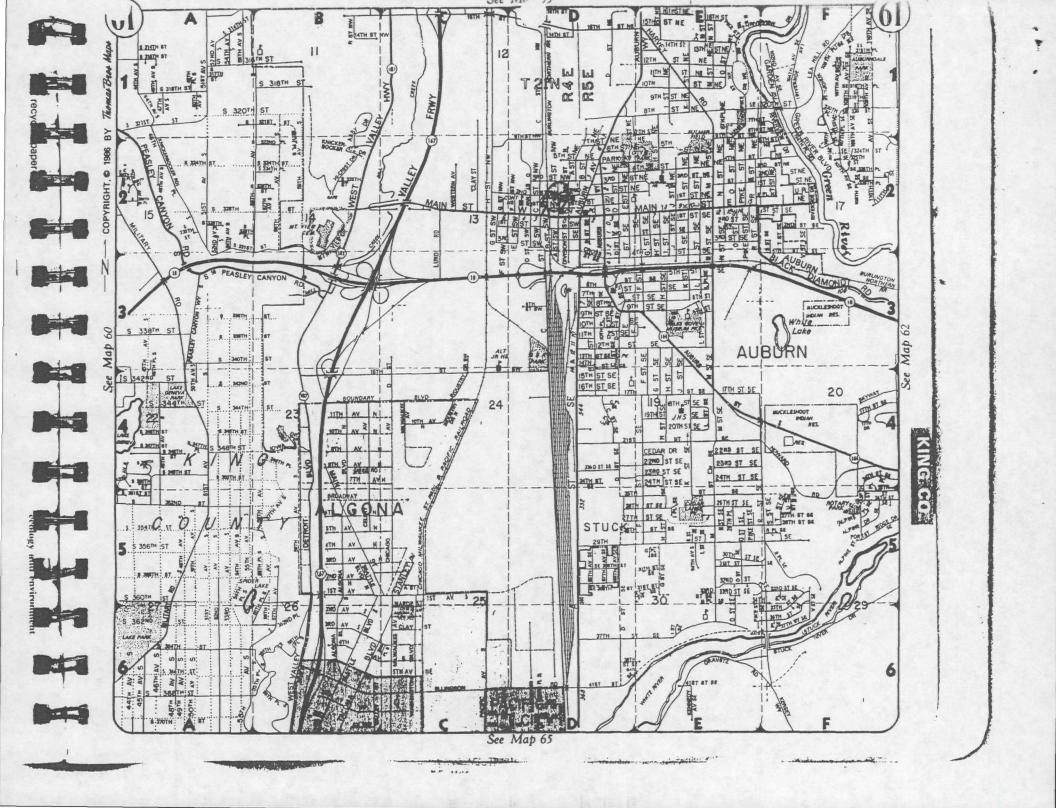
SCBA X
Spare Air Tanks X
Cascade System
Manifold System
Neoprene Safety Boots X
Protective Coverails X
(Type: >) SARANAX
Surgical Gloves X
Protective Outer Gloves X
(Type: >) Soluex
Protective Booties X
Hard Hat with Face Shield X
Radiation Dosimeter Badge X
Rain Suit
Butyl Apron

Level D:

Ultra-Twin APR (Available)
Cartridges
(Type: >)
Five Min. Escape Mask
Work Coveralls
Surgical Gloves
Protective Outer Gloves
(Type: >)
Neoprene Safety Boots
Protective Booties
Hard Hat with Face Shield
Radiation Dosimeter Badge
Rain Suit
Steel-toe Boots
Safety Glasses

SAFETY MEETING

Time:	TDD No.:
NAME (Printed)	Signature Ag Muss
Meeting Conducted By:	
Neeting Conducted By:	
Safety Officer: AVE BYERS	Dan Bys
TOAN LOADOR:	De Soll



esprogy and environment, inc. Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals Region V - Chicago

CHEMICAL NAME: Xylene, all iscorrs

SYN : Dimethylbenzene, Xylol

CAS NO: 1334-20-7 FORMULA: CS14(CIR)2

DOT CLASS: FLAWABLE

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Ionz Pot: 9.56ev V Boil Pt: --Wit Ft: -

LFL : 1.00% Vap Press: 9.88 anaHo UFL : 7.00% Odr Thr : 20.800pm -

63. Frz Pt:romatic odor, sweet

EACT: strong oxidizers : practically insoluble in water JB 5/16/90

FI Pt: 31.889F

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

imits: TLV-TWA (ADGIHD: 100.00

FEL (OSIA): 100.00 ppm

STEL: 150.00 / ppm

IULH: 1000.00

ERTLES

quid

INAL : hum TClo: 200ppm

CERWAL

DRAL : rat LL60: 4300 mg/kg

CARCIN ; -

MUTAGEN : exper

REPRO TOX: exper teratogen

AQUATIC : -

OTHER TOX: TARGET OFSANS: CNS, Eyes, C1 Tract, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Skin

ROUTES OF EXP: Ingestion, Eye (Ocular), Lermal Absorption, Skin Contact, Inhalation

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

: AFR: dusty/kindy condit or known high concent or >1 but @ppm; SCEA: >5ppm

: GHC-H or A'3 (RACAL)

TYPE

E CLOTHING: Coverall: FE Tyvek Gloves: FVA, Viton (FVA degrades in water)

AUTIONS

RS

FIRST AID

We move to fresh air, artf resp if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION

: flush w/water 15 minutes, wash skin with soap/water, SIEK MIDICAL ATTENTION

I: CO NOT INDUCE VOHITING, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

SYMPTOMS

vapor cause dizziness, headache, cough, pulmonary distress/edema, nausea/vomiting, abdominal cramps, narcotic in high concent, mild skin irritant

possible liver and/or kidney damage, pulmonary congestion. Injustion may be fatal.

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

LEAKS & SPILLS: 3,4,5,6,9 FIRE: 6,7

I**TION PRODUCTS:** CO, CU2

REFERENCES CONSULTED

MA Pocket Guide, Merck Index, Chris(vol. III), ACGIN TLV Bocklet, RTECS

FERENCES: N100H Guides, Signa-Aldrich

CLASSIFICATION: Hydrocarbons, Aromatic

LAST REVISION DATE:

JB 5/16/90

recycled paper

ecology and environment

Ecology and Environment, Inc. Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals Region V - Chicago

CHEMICAL NAME: Toluene

SYN : Toluot, Methylbenzene

CAS NO: 103-88-3

FORMULA: CS/50H3

OT CLASS: 1294/FLAK L10 3

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

quid Boil Pt: 231.109 _.14

Ionz Pot : 250 / 150/ F1 Pt: 40.669

Melt Pt: -139.061 Vap Press: 22.00 modily Odr Thr : 1.28von Frz Pt : -139.069

LFL : 1.27% UFL: 7.00%

JB 5/18/90

ingent, aromatic, benzene-like, sour

EACT: nitric acid, strong oxidizers, peroxides

: water-slightly

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ERTIES

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

_imits: TLV-TWA (ACGIH): **1**00.00 ~ ppm

PEL (051A): 100.00

STEL: 150.03 Vppm

IDLH: 2003.00 bb**m**

: CEILING: 300ppm, MAX FEAK: 500ppm/169/3H shift, INTOTANT

INIAL : human Tolo: 200ppm

CERMAL : skn rbt: LIG0 12124 mo/kg

ORAL

: rat: LD50 5000mg/kg

CARCIN : exper MUTAGEN : exper

REPRO TOX: exper teratogen

AQUATIC : 1180mg/1/9Chr/sunfish/ILm/fresh water OTHER TOX: TARGET OFBANS: CNS, Liver, Skin, Kidney

ROUTES OF EXP: Ingestion, Eye(Ocular), Skin Contact, Inhalatica

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

: AFR: dusty/windy condit or known high concent or >1 but 🛠ppm; SCEA: >5ppm TYPE

: GNC-H

VE CLOTHING: Coverall: Saranex

Gloves: Viton

CAUTIONS

FIRST AID

IN: move to fresh air, art1 resp if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION

: flush H/Hater 15 minutes, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION

4 : EO NOT INJUCE VIMITING, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

SYMPTOMS

eye/respiratory/skin irritation, fatigue, weakness, confusion, teadachedizziness, drowsiness, tingling skin, numbress, vision disturbances, mild macrocytic anemia, narcotic in high concentrations,coma drying & cracking of skin, fatty degeneration of the heart, liver, and adrenals, and hemorrhages, anemia

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

FIRE: 6,7

LEAKS & SPILLS: 3,4,5,6,9

ETION PRODUCTS: CLC., CO

REFERENCES CONSULTED

31A Pocket Guide, Christool. III), ACGIN TLV Booklet, RIECS

FERENCES: NICSH Guides, Signa-Aldrich

L LLASSIFICATION: Arcmatic Hydrocarbon

LAST REVISION DATES: